## Climate Change

**Gerzensee Presentation** 

Ivo Welch

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#### Intro, Level, Point

- Based on textbook (and soon tradebook).
- ▶ Very, very brief presentation of a very, very big topic.

https://www.ivo-welch.info/research/presentations/

#### Big Takeaway

Surprisingly little worth disagreeing about

Shouldn't be very controversial

## Talk (and Textbook and Course) Outline

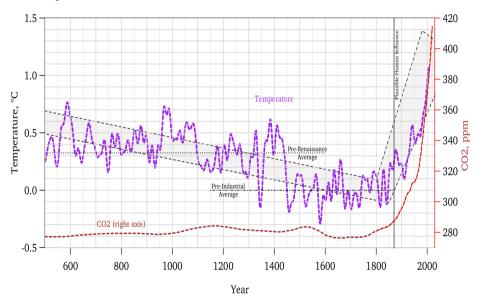
- 1. Climate Change Earth Science Background
- 2. Social Science Perspective
- 3. Technological Situation

## 1. Climate Change (Earth Science)

- ► Hold policy questions until "2. Social Science."
- Until 2, science questions only, please.

- ▶ I use data and predictions from the IPCC.
  - Reasonably good, despite some (reasonable) guibbles.
    - Like economics: Not everything is correct and unbiased but it's way better than the alternatives.
    - Like economics: In flux. Not knee-jerk but reasonably disciplined.
    - ▶ What would even be reasonable alternatives?
    - More than good enough for agreement.
      - Disagreements and quibbles are minor and unimportant for us.

#### Strong Historical Evidence



There are many extra interesting and mostly self-contained figures on: https://www.ivo-welch.info/research/presentations/ccfigs/

## **Strong Current Predictions**

- Earth is and has been heating up
  - Measurable current radiation imbalance: In-Out.
- Earth will continue to do so.
  - Lots of uncertainty about future.
  - Only modest disagreement now. (See below.)
  - ► Mean consensus: Think  $\approx$  2-3.5°C by 2150 (1°C already).
    - baseline always difficult to keep straight. I consult book.

### Meaning of Climate Change

- ► Think 100-mile distance for every 1°C.
- 2°C: Boston vs. NY vs. DC vs. Raleigh
- ▶ 4°C: Munich vs. Milan vs. Palermo
  - Think Scandinavia, Germany, Italy, Israel
  - Not uninhabitable, but different
  - Problems where hot, poor, and populous

### Far Worse Uncertainty Potential

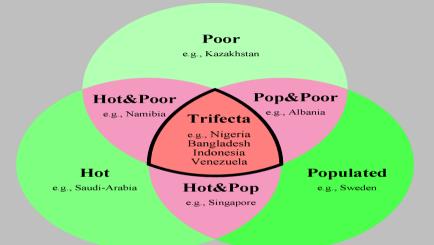
- High uncertainty:
  - doubling CO2 leads to x°C
  - roughly, climate sensitivity coefficients of 1-5
- ► More catastrophic scenarios, say up to 4°C, possible.
  - domino effects, feedback loops, tipping points, unknowns.
  - low probability, but not farthest-possible prob tail
  - nothing is certain (also asteroids)

## Meaningful Reductions in Emissions (IPCC)

- ► RCP 4-5: Aggressive Activism: +2°C
- ► RCP 6-7: Complaisant Neglect: +2.5°C
- Difference: only 0.5°C.
  - ► Think 50 miles on 200-300 mile expected move.
  - Would likely be better for humanity overall
  - yet also think: 4.5x or 5.0x richer than today?
  - don't take models too seriously

#### Harm Locations

- ► Not easy to predict.
- ▶ Diseases, deaths plausible though odd.
- Reasonable guesses possible (next page)
- 4.5x or 5.0x perhaps less important than Africa/India?
- But growth today also hugely important.



#### Rich&Cold&Empty

e.g., Antarctica

#### **MSL**

- ► Expected Mean Sea Level (MSL) Rise: ≈ 1-2 feet.
  - probably much slower but also unstoppable
  - will/could be 6 feet if glaciers melt. (200 years?)
  - 240 feet since last ice age
  - fight climate change? 10 cm exp diff
  - argue? nah...leave it to Koonin. unimportant.

#### **CC Earth Science Summary**

- likely bad, esp where hot&poor
  - would be better to reduce emissions
- likely not the end of the world
  - nothing is guaranteed
- please don't argue ideology.
  - you are not an advocat in court.

## Curse of Emission Fighting

At high CO2 levels, emission changes become less effective

- ► at 300 ppm, 100 years of zero OECD emissions would have made a big temp difference (perhaps 0.5°C).
- at 600 ppm, makes only half the temp difference.
- ▶ at 1200 ppm, makes only a quarter the temp difference.

#### Constraint to Policy?

▶ Is CC policy limited by disagreement about CC science?

World Temp Maps and Trend Maps

#### **Economic Workhorse Models**

- Integrated Assessment Models (IAM)
- ► Nordhaus, Stern IAMS
  - seminal and great (but) sketch models.
  - CC is economically harmful. SCC (not /tC but /tCO<sub>2</sub>).
  - ► Shadow price of emissions is \$30-\$50/tCO<sub>2</sub>.
  - Add in CC uncertainty, shadow price is more like \$100 / tCO<sub>2</sub>
    - convex damages
  - SCC should be rising in the future.

#### Textbook Treatment of IAMs

- ► The textbook gives explanations of different perspectives.
  - Some disagreement on discount rate etc. Too literal?
  - Nordhaus believes in "climate pacts."
  - Fair to many different valid perspectives.

Optimal: \$30-\$100/tCO2 tax.

### Really?

- ▶ Problem is not about what "we" **should** do.
- Problem is also not about blame or ethical considerations
- Problem is about what "we" will do (and can promote).

Textbook covers IAMs.

## **Book: Main Constraint on CC Policy**

- ▶ 200 self-interested countries
- World is not the Borg
- Worldwide tax on CO2 is cart before the horse.

ca 2050-2100	OECD	Not OECD
Population	12%	88%

50%

28%

50%

72%

**GDP** 

**Emissions** 

#### **Book: OECD**

- ▶ OECD is only 1/3 of emissions, soon 1/4.
- Not a luxury problem.
- Won't do much to wipe out OECD.
- Whose SCC?
  - 2% or 10%?
  - ▶ 1 mo rent vs 5 mo rent?

#### Need It More Obvious?

Spend all military expenses on CC instead?

Countries have militaries for the same reason why they will not decarbonize.

- 1. Arguing about whether a nuclear war will kill 1 or 5 billion people is irrelevant.
- 2. Arguing about the optimal world choice is irrelevant.
- 3. Arguing about what can realistically be done *asap* to reduce the probability of nuclear war may not be ideal but it is the only relevant discussion.

(Too) obvious?

## Already Revealed Preference

#### As of 2020s, three decades by now:

- ▶ World can suck out at <\$10/tCO<sub>2</sub> on the margin today. Who is volunteering to pay?
- Who wants to pay to suck out China's and India's increasing GDP emissions?
- ► EU is unimportant. Corporate disclosures are unimportant. Fair shares are unimportant.
- Who wants to bet on these policies?

# **Top Choices**

Sector Emissions and Fuel Type Histories

#### 1+2: Realistic Remedies

- 1. Must work around the world. 6-7bn people.
- 2. Must work over decades and generations.
- 3. Must not be too much against self-interest.
- 4. Must be able to sustain majority support.

#### Quick Abbreviated Tour of Tech

- ► Electricity (can be 2/3 of power, 1/2 of emissions):
  - As-available: already cheaper clean
  - ON-demand: soon (batteries)
- Heat:
  - Much harder: FF is one-trick pony
- Transportation
  - Grid-near: soon, happening
  - Off-grid: hopeless

### Electricity Costs (LCOE), Rough:

- Retail: \$200-300/MWh (incl xmit, billing)
- Coal Plant:
- ► Nuclear Plant:
- NatGas Plant:
- ► Solar / Wind:
- Battery:
- ► Grid Problems

### Propaganda and Truth

- Fossil fuels are nasty stuff.
- Don't trust surrogate propaganda
  - World has more than enough clean resources
  - but expect short-term hiccups
  - many self-induced.

#### Little Mass



#### Hydrogen

- Everybody's conceptual darling,
- but technology is very far away.
  - 5-10 times the cost of NatGas unsubsidized
  - Both fixed and variable costs are » Natgas
  - plus, highly corrosive, tough to hold
  - crazily huge IRA subsidies in US

## Industrial CO<sub>2</sub> sequestration

- deserves stupid spending (golden fleece) award
- trees for timber can do it 10 times cheaper

## Many Other Cheap Improvements (OECD)

#### **Urgent:**

- ► Improve electrical grids
- ► Time-of-day pricing
- Concierge service for government permits
- Locally justifiable ff taxes

#### Conclusion

- What is there to argue about that truly matters right now and that has a good chance of success world-wide?
  - we know world should do more
  - we know what world won't do
- What could environmentalists be doing more smartly?
- Much more detail and backup in our free textbook.

- Resources
  - http://climate-change.ivo-welch.info/
  - https://www.climate-change.ivo-welch.info/home/16-cribsheet.html

## Sidenote: My Own Current Empirical Work

- ► Harm sofar determined more by heat than wealth. (EoY)
- ► IAMs have omitted contingent real-options insight